

# C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

## Winter Examination-2015

Subject Name : Quantum Mechanics-I

Subject Code : 5SC01PHC3

Branch : M. Sc. (Physics)

Semester : 1

Date : 04/12/2015

Time : 10:30 To 01:30

Marks :70

### Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator and any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

### SECTION – I

- Q-1 Attempt the Following questions (07)**
- a. What is Hilbert space? **01**
  - b. Define raising and lowering operators. **01**
  - c. Write formula of Hermite function. **01**
  - d. Write down the Hamiltonian equation of simple harmonic oscillator. **01**
  - e. Write down the Eigen value equation for energy of simple harmonic oscillator. **01**
  - f. Prove  $[x, p] = i\hbar$ . **01**
  - g. Prove  $[A, B]^+ = [B, A]^+$ . **01**
- Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)**
- a. Discuss the solution of Harmonic Oscillator in Polar Co-ordinates. **05**
  - b. Discuss Spherical harmonics and obtain  $Y_{00}$ ,  $Y_{10}$  and  $Y_{20}$ . **05**
  - c. Derive the energy Eigen value of the Hydrogen atom. **04**
- OR**
- Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)**
- a. For attractive Coulomb potential  $V(r) = -c/r$ , solve Schrodinger radial equation and prove that energy Eigen values are  $E_n = -mz^4e^4/2\hbar^2n^2$ . **07**
  - b. Prove that  $L^2 = r^2p^2 - (\mathbf{r}\cdot\mathbf{p})^2 + i\hbar(\mathbf{r}\cdot\mathbf{p})$ . **07**
- Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)**
- a. Obtain differential equations  $\frac{d^2h}{d\xi^2} - 2\xi\frac{dh}{d\xi} + h(\epsilon - 1) = 0$ . **07**
  - b. Obtain power series solution of above equations. **07**
- OR**
- Q-3**
- a. Prove  $[a^+, a] = 1$ . **07**
  - b. Discuss and plotting of harmonic oscillator curve functions. **07**

### SECTION – II



<b>Q-4</b>	<b>Attempt the Following questions</b>	<b>(07)</b>
a.	Why WKB approximation is called semi-classical approximation?	<b>01</b>
b.	What is perturbation?	<b>01</b>
c.	In the Time independent perturbation Theory in the following Equation $(E_n - E_m) C_K^{(1)} + H'_{km} - w^{(1)} \delta_{km} = 0$ , the term $H'_{km}$ suggest what?	<b>01</b>
d.	What is unitary matrix?	<b>01</b>
e.	What are the applications of Fermi Golden rule?	<b>01</b>
f.	What are applications of time dependent perturbation theory?	<b>01</b>
g.	What is trial wave function? How it is selected?	<b>01</b>
<b>Q-5</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
a.	Explain the Bra and Ket notation in brief.	<b>05</b>
b.	Discuss the Dirac delta function with necessary diagram.	<b>05</b>
c.	What is Stark effect? Discuss.	<b>04</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q-5</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
a.	Discuss the Variation method in terms of upper bound and ground state energy.	<b>05</b>
b.	Explain the Unitary operators.	<b>05</b>
c.	Explain Matrix representation of an operator.	<b>04</b>
<b>Q-6</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
a.	Explain the time dependent perturbation theory with general formulation and first order theory.	<b>07</b>
b.	Explain the periodic perturbation in brief.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q-6</b>	<b>Attempt all Questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
a.	Explain WKB approximation in brief.	<b>07</b>
b.	Explain the interaction of electromagnetic field with atom.	<b>07</b>

